





Bionomics: The larvae are found in a wide variety of aquatic habitats, such as ditches, pools in streams, woodland pools, and artificial containers. The females are regarded as troublesome biters by some observers, although others say that they rarely bite man. (Carpenter and LaCasse, 1955:290)

Medical Importance: *Cx. restuans* is considered a vector of St. Louis encephalitis (SLE) and West Nile Virus (WNV). (Turell et al., 2005:60)

